

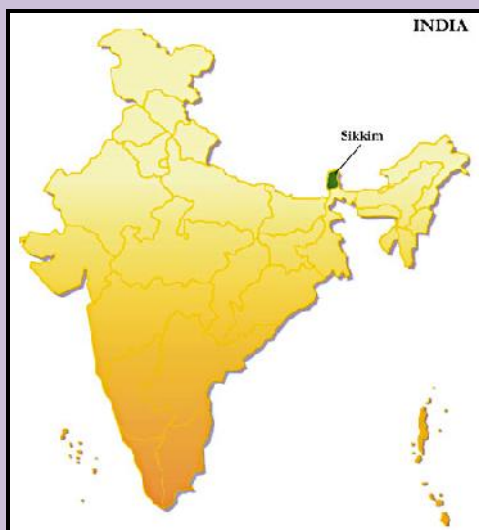


# AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE DISTRICT OF NORTH SIKKIM

## PERIOD:

**18<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER to 22<sup>nd</sup> SEPTEMBER' 2019**

*IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD  
AND HCCD, GANGTOK*



**ISSUED ON 17<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

### Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Issued by: Santanu Das, SMS (Agril. Meteorology), ICAR-KVK, East Sikkim, Ranipool

## Value Added forecast for NORTH-DISTRICT for next five days

Parameter/Date	18/09/2019	19/09/2019	20/09/2019	21/09/2019	22/09/2019
Rainfall (mm)	Moderate rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall
Max Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	22	24	27	28	27
Min Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	19	20	20	21	21
Sky condition	Cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy	Partially clear	Generally cloudy
Max RH (%)	94	92	91	90	91
Min RH (%)	85	82	80	78	79
Wind Speed (Kmph)	002	002	003	003	003
Wind Direction (deg)	S	S	S	S	S

Northerly- **N**, North-Easterly- **N-E**, Easterly- **E**, South-Easterly- **S-E**, Southerly- **S**, South-Westerly- **S-W**, Westerly- **W**, North-westerly- **N-W**.

Weather for preceding week			
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp
	(mm)	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
14/9/2019	004	24.8	20.3
15/9/2019	024	23.7	19.3
16/9/2019	088	20.8	19.2

### Weather forecast valid up to 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2019


- Probability of light rainfall
- Max temp may be varying from 22-28 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , whereas, Min temp may vary from 19-21 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Sky will remain generally cloudy
- Max RH is likely to be 92-94 %, whereas, Min RH may vary from 79-85 %
- Wind speed may likely vary from 2-3 km/hr.
- Wind direction may blow from southerly
- Weekly cumulative rainfall=53 mm

## AGRO-METEOROLOGICAL ADVISORIES

### General Advisories for all the crops/ livestock

- ➡ If there is a probability of light rainfall, farmers are advised to keep drainage facilities on their field and harvest all the matured crops.
- ➡ During high humidity and cloudy weather there may be infestation of insect pest, so the farmers are suggested to apply neem oil.
- ➡ Bunds to be provide to reduce nutrient lost due to high rainfall.
- ➡ Rain water harvesting through *jalkund* should be done to conserve excess rain water during high rainfall.
- ➡ Excess water stagnation may cause fungal and bacterial diseases to the crops.
- ➡ While selecting site for construction of shed a site that allows sun light exposure as well as good wind control is preferable.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Cultural practices/ Pest/ Diseases	Agro-Met Advisories
<b><i>Agricultural and Horticultural crops:</i></b>			
Rice	Tillering		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Maintain 5 cm of water in the paddy field.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed at 30-35 days after transplanting.</li></ul>
Black gram (Pahelo dal) /Rjmash/Cowpe a	Vegetative		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Farmers are advised to provide proper drainage in the field to avoid wilting in high rainfall areas.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed after 25-30 days of sowing to avoid weed competition.</li></ul>
Ginger/ Turmeric	Tillering stage		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow minimum entry to crop field to reduce disease infestation.</li><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to avoid stagnation of water in the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial wilt due to high humidity and temperature.</li></ul>
Red cherry pepper/Brinjal/ Toamto	Fruiting	Blight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to remove excess rain water from the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial will due to high humidity and temperature.</li><li>◆ Due to high temperature and high</li></ul>

			rainfall may cause late blight. Apply COC @ 0.25% at weekly interval for 4-5 sprays will reduce the disease.
Cole crops	Nursery preparation		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The nursery site should be dry and free from water stagnation as well as high moisture in the soil.</li> <li>◆ To protect from heavy rain the nursery should be in semi protected area.</li> </ul>
Sikkim Mandarin	Planting/fruiting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ As there is a possibility of light to moderate rainfall so apply soil nutrients @ 25-35 kg/ha as maximum nutrient losses may occur due to rainfall.</li> </ul>
<b>Animal Sciences and livestock management</b>			
Cattle			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide plenty of cold clean drinking water to your livestock at the time between 01 to 3 pm during the peak summer months.</li> <li>◆ Maintain hygienic condition of animal shed and disinfect the animal shed with 10% formalin solution.</li> </ul>
Poultry		Coccidiosis, Ranikhet disease	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide proper ventilation to poultry birds to prevent from heat stress during summer months</li> <li>◆ Periodic supplementation of vitamins and minerals to your livestock is very much essential during hot weather.</li> <li>◆ Special care should be taken for mite and Gastro Intestinal tape worm in case of poultry during the hot and humid summer months.</li> <li>◆ Take preventive measures against <b>Coccidiosis</b> of poultry during summer months.</li> </ul>
Pig	All stages	Swine fever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide creep area (separate enclosure, where the piglets have access but the sow does not) with heat source (200 watt bulb) to reduce piglet mortality due to cold weather.</li> </ul>

*Agro-Met Advisory member of ICAR-NOFRI and KVK- East Sikkim*

<b>Name</b>	<b>Designation</b>	<b>Department</b>
<b><i>Dr. R. K. Avasthe</i></b>	<b>Joint Director</b>	<b>Soil Science</b>
<i>Dr. Raghavendra Singh</i>	Senior scientist and Head (I/C)	Agronomy
<i>Dr. P. K. Pathak</i>	SMS	Animal science
<i>Dr. J.K. Singh</i>	SMS	Plant Breeding
<i>Dr. Manoj Kumar</i>	SMS	Agronomy
<i>Sh. Boniface Lepcha</i>	SMS	Horticulture
<i>Sh. Santanu Das</i>	SMS	Agril. Meteorology
<i>Miss Tirtha Kumari Chettri</i>	Met. Observer	Biochemistry

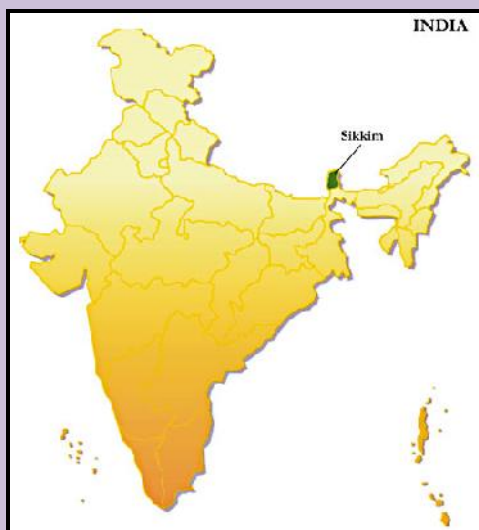


# AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE DISTRICT OF EAST SIKKIM

## PERIOD:

**18<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER to 22<sup>nd</sup> SEPTEMBER' 2019**

*IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD  
AND HCCD, GANGTOK*



**ISSUED ON 17<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

### Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Issued by: Santanu Das, SMS (Agril. Meteorology), ICAR-KVK, East Sikkim, Ranipool

## **Value Added forecast for EAST-DISTRICT for next five days**

Parameter/Date	18/09/2019	19/09/2019	20/09/2019	21/09/2019	22/09/2019
Rainfall (mm)	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall
Max Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	19	21	23	23	22
Min Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	17	18	18	18	18
Sky condition	Cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy
Max RH (%)	95	92	91	92	93
Min RH (%)	85	82	80	81	83
Wind Speed (Kmph)	001	002	003	003	002
Wind Direction (deg)	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE

Northerly- **N**, North-Easterly- **N-E**, Easterly- **E**, South-Easterly- **S-E**, Southerly- **S**, South-Westerly- **S-W**, Westerly- **W**, North-westerly- **N-W**.

Weather for preceding week			
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp
	(mm)	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
14/9/2019	006	20.5	17.2
15/9/2019	026	20.8	17.5
16/9/2019	012	19.6	17.7

### **Weather forecast valid up to 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2019**

- Probability of light rainfall
- Max temp may be varying from 19-23 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , whereas, Min temp may vary from 17-18 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Sky will remain generally cloudy
- Max RH is likely to be 91-95 %, whereas, Min RH may vary from 80-85 %
- Wind speed may likely vary from 1-3 km/hr.
- Wind direction may blow from northeasterly
- Weekly cumulative rainfall=34 mm

## AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

### General Advisories for all the crops/ livestock


- If there is a probability of light rainfall, farmers are advised to keep drainage facilities on their field and harvest all the matured crops.
- During high humidity and cloudy weather there may be infestation of insect pest, so the farmers are suggested to apply neem oil.
- Bunds to be provide to reduce nutrient lost due to high rainfall.
- Rain water harvesting through *jalkund* should be done to conserve excess rain water during high rainfall.
- Excess water stagnation may cause fungal and bacterial diseases to the crops.
- While selecting site for construction of shed a site that allows sun light exposure as well as good wind control is preferable.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Cultural practices/ Pest/ Diseases	Agro-Met Advisories
<b><i>Agricultural and Horticultural crops:</i></b>			
Rice	Tillering		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Maintain 5 cm of water in the paddy field.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed at 30-35 days after transplanting.</li></ul>
Black gram (Pahelo dal) /Rjmash/Cowpe a	Vegetative		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Farmers are advised to provide proper drainage in the field to avoid wilting in high rainfall areas.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed after 25-30 days of sowing to avoid weed competition.</li></ul>
Ginger/ Turmeric	Tillering stage		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow minimum entry to crop field to reduce disease infestation.</li><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to avoid stagnation of water in the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial wilt due to high humidity and temperature.</li></ul>
Red cherry pepper/Brinjal/ Toamto	Fruiting	Blight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to remove excess rain water from the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial will due to high humidity and temperature.</li><li>◆ Due to high temperature and high</li></ul>



			rainfall may cause late blight. Apply COC @ 0.25% at weekly interval for 4-5 sprays will reduce the disease.
Cole crops	Nursery preparation		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The nursery site should be dry and free from water stagnation as well as high moisture in the soil.</li> <li>◆ To protect from heavy rain the nursery should be in semi protected area.</li> </ul>
Sikkim Mandarin	Planting/fruiting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ As there is a possibility of light to moderate rainfall so apply soil nutrients @ 25-35 kg/ha as maximum nutrient losses may occur due to rainfall.</li> </ul>

### *Animal Sciences and livestock management*

Cattle			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide plenty of cold clean drinking water to your livestock at the time between 01 to 3 pm during the peak summer months.</li> <li>◆ Maintain hygienic condition of animal shed and disinfect the animal shed with 10% formalin solution.</li> </ul>
Poultry		Coccidiosis, Ranikhet disease	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide proper ventilation to poultry birds to prevent from heat stress during summer months</li> <li>◆ Periodic supplementation of vitamins and minerals to your livestock is very much essential during hot weather.</li> <li>◆ Special care should be taken for mite and Gastro Intestinal tape worm in case of poultry during the hot and humid summer months.</li> <li>◆ Take preventive measures against <b>Coccidiosis</b> of poultry during summer months.</li> </ul>
Pig	All stages	Swine fever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide creep area (separate enclosure, where the piglets have access but the sow does not) with heat source (200 watt bulb) to reduce piglet mortality due to cold weather.</li> </ul>

*Agro-Met Advisory member of ICAR-NOFRI and KVK- East Sikkim*

<b>Name</b>	<b>Designation</b>	<b>Department</b>
<b><i>Dr. R. K. Avasthe</i></b>	<b>Joint Director</b>	<b>Soil Science</b>
<i>Dr. Raghavendra Singh</i>	Senior scientist and Head (I/C)	Agronomy
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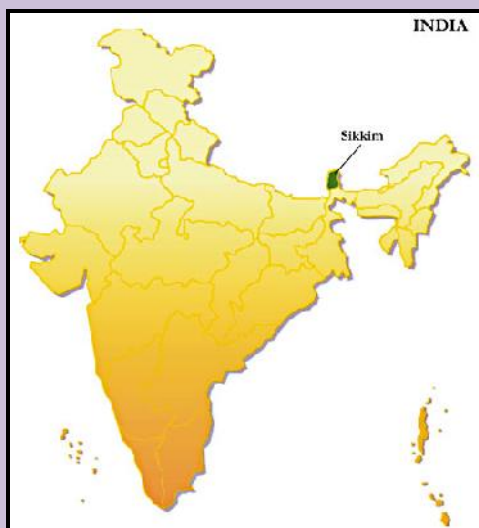
# AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH SIKKIM

**PERIOD:**

**18<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER to 22<sup>nd</sup> SEPTEMBER' 2019**



*IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD,  
GANGTOK*



**ISSUED ON 17<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

## **Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim**

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- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Issued by: Santanu Das, SMS (Agril. Meteorology), ICAR-KVK, East Sikkim, Ranipool

## **Value Added forecast for SOUTH-DISTRICT for next five days**

Parameter/Date	18/09/2019	19/09/2019	20/09/2019	21/09/2019	22/09/2019
Rainfall (mm)	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Very light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall
Max Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	21	23	26	27	26
Min Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	18	19	20	20	20
Sky condition	Cloudy	Generally cloudy	Partly clear	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy
Max RH (%)	92	90	90	91	92
Min RH (%)	82	78	75	76	79
Wind Speed (Kmph)	002	003	003	003	002
Wind Direction (deg)	NE	N	N	N	NE

Northerly- **N**, North-Easterly- **N-E**, Easterly- **E**, South-Easterly- **S-E**, Southerly- **S**, South-Westerly- **S-W**, Westerly- **W**, North-westerly- **N-W**.

Weather for preceding week			
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp
	(mm)	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
14/9/2019	N/A	24.2	18.6
15/9/2019	N/A	24.1	19.3
16/9/2019	N/A	22.0	19.5

### **Weather forecast valid up to 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2019**

- There will be chances of light rainfall
- Max temp may be varying from 21-27 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , whereas, Min temp may vary from 18-20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Sky will remain generally cloudy
- Max RH is likely to be 90-92%, whereas, Min RH may vary from 75-82 %
- Wind speed may likely vary from 2-3 km/hr.
- Wind direction may blow from northeasterly and northerly
- Weekly cumulative rainfall= 23 mm

## AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES


### General Advisories for all the crops/ livestock

- If there is a probability of light rainfall, farmers are advised to keep drainage facilities on their field and harvest all the matured crops.
- During high humidity and cloudy weather there may be infestation of insect pest, so the farmers are suggested to apply neem oil.
- Bunds to be provide to reduce nutrient lost due to high rainfall.
- Rain water harvesting through *jalkund* should be done to conserve excess rain water during high rainfall.
- Excess water stagnation may cause fungal and bacterial diseases to the crops.
- While selecting site for construction of shed a site that allows sun light exposure as well as good wind control is preferable.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Cultural practices/ Pest/ Diseases	Agro-Met Advisories
<b><i>Agricultural and Horticultural crops:</i></b>			
Rice	Tillering		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Maintain 5 cm of water in the paddy field.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed at 30-35 days after transplanting.</li></ul>
Black gram (Pahelo dal) /Rjmash/Cowpe a	Vegetative		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Farmers are advised to provide proper drainage in the field to avoid wilting in high rainfall areas.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed after 25-30 days of sowing to avoid weed competition.</li></ul>
Ginger/ Turmeric	Tillering stage		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow minimum entry to crop field to reduce disease infestation.</li><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to avoid stagnation of water in the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial wilt due to high humidity and temperature.</li></ul>
Red cherry pepper/Brinjal/ Toamto	Fruiting	Blight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to remove excess rain water from the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial will due to high humidity and temperature.</li><li>◆ Due to high temperature and high</li></ul>

			rainfall may cause late blight. Apply COC @ 0.25% at weekly interval for 4-5 sprays will reduce the disease.
Cole crops	Nursery preparation		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ The nursery site should be dry and free from water stagnation as well as high moisture in the soil.</li> <li>❖ To protect from heavy rain the nursery should be in semi protected area.</li> </ul>
Sikkim Mandarin	Planting/fruiting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ As there is a possibility of light to moderate rainfall so apply soil nutrients @ 25-35 kg/ha as maximum nutrient losses may occur due to rainfall.</li> </ul>

### *Animal Sciences and livestock management*

Cattle			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Provide plenty of cold clean drinking water to your livestock at the time between 01 to 3 pm during the peak summer months.</li> <li>❖ Maintain hygienic condition of animal shed and disinfect the animal shed with 10% formalin solution.</li> </ul>
Poultry		Coccidiosis, Ranikhet disease	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Provide proper ventilation to poultry birds to prevent from heat stress during summer months</li> <li>❖ Periodic supplementation of vitamins and minerals to your livestock is very much essential during hot weather.</li> <li>❖ Special care should be taken for mite and Gastro Intestinal tape worm in case of poultry during the hot and humid summer months.</li> <li>❖ Take preventive measures against <b>Coccidiosis</b> of poultry during summer months.</li> </ul>
Pig	All stages	Swine fever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Provide creep area (separate enclosure, where the piglets have access but the sow does not) with heat source (200 watt bulb) to reduce piglet mortality due to cold weather.</li> </ul>

*Agro-Met Advisory member of ICAR-NOFRI and KVK- East Sikkim*

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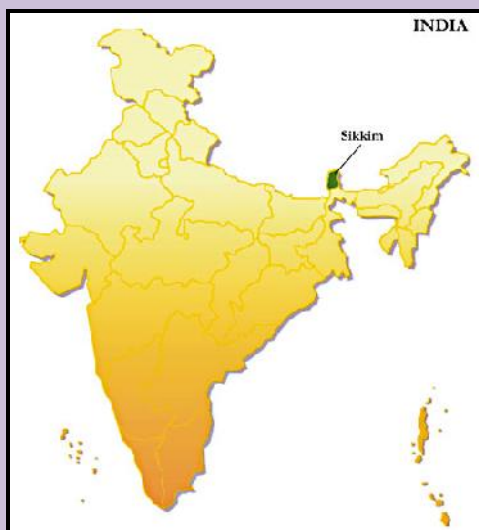


# AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST SIKKIM

## PERIOD:

**18<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER to 22<sup>nd</sup> SEPTEMBER' 2019**

*IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD  
AND HCCD, GANGTOK*



**ISSUED ON 17<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

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- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Issued by: Santanu Das, SMS (Agril. Meteorology), ICAR-KVK, East Sikkim, Ranipool



## Value Added forecast for WEST-DISTRICT for next five days

Parameter/Date	18/09/2019	19/09/2019	20/09/2019	21/09/2019	22/09/2019
Rainfall (mm)	Light rainfall	Light rainfall	Very light rainfall	Light rainfall	Light rainfall
Max Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	20	22	25	27	26
Min Temp ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	18	19	19	19	19
Sky condition	Cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy	Generally cloudy
Max RH (%)	92	91	90	90	92
Min RH (%)	82	81	80	80	82
Wind Speed (Kmph)	003	003	004	004	003
Wind Direction (deg)	N	N	NW	NW	NW

Northerly- **N**, North-Easterly- **N-E**, Easterly- **E**, South-Easterly- **S-E**, Southerly- **S**, South-Westerly- **S-W**, Westerly- **W**, North-westerly- **N-W**.

Weather for preceding week			
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp
	(mm)	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
14/9/2019	003	22.0	18.2
15/9/2019	015	21.0	18.0
16/9/2019	010	20.1	18.1

### Weather forecast valid up to 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2019


- Probability of light rainfall
- Max temp may be varying from 20-27 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , whereas, Min temp may vary from 18-19 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Sky will remain generally cloudy
- Max RH is likely to be 90-92%, whereas, Min RH may vary from 80-82 %
- Wind speed may likely vary from 3-4 km/hr.
- Wind direction may blow from northwesterly and northerly
- Weekly cumulative rainfall= 25mm

## AGRO-METEOROLOGICAL ADVISORIES

### General Advisories for all the crops/ livestock (English)

- ➡ If there is a probability of light rainfall, farmers are advised to keep drainage facilities on their field and harvest all the matured crops.
- ➡ During high humidity and cloudy weather there may be infestation of insect pest, so the farmers are suggested to apply neem oil.
- ➡ Bunds to be provide to reduce nutrient lost due to high rainfall.
- ➡ Rain water harvesting through *jalkund* should be done to conserve excess rain water during high rainfall.
- ➡ Excess water stagnation may cause fungal and bacterial diseases to the crops.
- ➡ While selecting site for construction of shed a site that allows sun light exposure as well as good wind control is preferable.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Cultural practices/ Pest/ Diseases	Agro-Met Advisories
<b><i>Agricultural and Horticultural crops:</i></b>			
Rice	Tillering		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Maintain 5 cm of water in the paddy field.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed at 30-35 days after transplanting.</li></ul>
Black gram (Pahelo dal) /Rjmash/Cowpe a	Vegetative		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Farmers are advised to provide proper drainage in the field to avoid wilting in high rainfall areas.</li><li>◆ First weeding should be completed after 25-30 days of sowing to avoid weed competition.</li></ul>
Ginger/ Turmeric	Tillering stage		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow minimum entry to crop field to reduce disease infestation.</li><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to avoid stagnation of water in the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial wilt due to high humidity and temperature.</li></ul>
Red cherry pepper/Brinjal/ Toamto	Fruiting	Blight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allow proper drainage to remove excess rain water from the field.</li><li>◆ Timely monitor the field to check the attack of bacterial will due to high humidity and temperature.</li><li>◆ Due to high temperature and high</li></ul>

			rainfall may cause late blight. Apply COC @ 0.25% at weekly interval for 4-5 sprays will reduce the disease.
Cole crops	Nursery preparation		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The nursery site should be dry and free from water stagnation as well as high moisture in the soil.</li> <li>◆ To protect from heavy rain the nursery should be in semi protected area.</li> </ul>
Sikkim Mandarin	Planting/fruiting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ As there is a possibility of light to moderate rainfall so apply soil nutrients @ 25-35 kg/ha as maximum nutrient losses may occur due to rainfall.</li> </ul>
<b>Animal Sciences and livestock management</b>			
Cattle			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide plenty of cold clean drinking water to your livestock at the time between 01 to 3 pm during the peak summer months.</li> <li>◆ Maintain hygienic condition of animal shed and disinfect the animal shed with 10% formalin solution.</li> </ul>
Poultry		Coccidiosis, Ranikhet disease	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide proper ventilation to poultry birds to prevent from heat stress during summer months</li> <li>◆ Periodic supplementation of vitamins and minerals to your livestock is very much essential during hot weather.</li> <li>◆ Special care should be taken for mite and Gastro Intestinal tape worm in case of poultry during the hot and humid summer months.</li> <li>◆ Take preventive measures against <b>Coccidiosis</b> of poultry during summer months.</li> </ul>
Pig	All stages	Swine fever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Provide creep area (separate enclosure, where the piglets have access but the sow does not) with heat source (200 watt bulb) to reduce piglet mortality due to cold weather.</li> </ul>

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