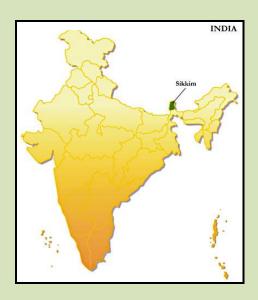


# STATE COMPOSITE AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE STATE OF SIKKIM



PERIOD: 25<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER TO 27<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER'2016

#### IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD, GANGTOK





#### ISSUED ON TUESDAY 25TH OCTOBER'2016

## Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Mangan (PTO)				North Sikkim Forecast							
Date	Rainfall I	Max. Temp	Min. Temp (°C)	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	(mm)	-		Sky Condition	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy		
21-10-2016	000	25.5	16.2	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	Light	No rain		
22-10-2016	000	24.0	15.2	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	3Km/Hr (S)	3Km/Hr (S)	2Km/Hr (SSW)	2Km/Hr (S)	2Km/Hr (S)		
23-10-2016	000	27.1	15.4	Temperature (Min-Max)	16 - 26°C	16 - 26°C	15 - 26°C	15 - 25°C	15 - 25°C		
24-10-2016	000	27.3	16.2	RH (Min-Max)	58 - 79%	56 - 78%	54 - 77%	60 - 88%	52 - 76%		

Gangtok				East Sikkim Forecast							
Data	Rainfall Max. Tem		ıp Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky Condition	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Partly Cloudy		
21-10-2016	000	20.2	12.6	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	Very Light	No rain		
22-10-2016	000	20.3	13.5	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	2Km/Hr (ESE)	2Km/Hr (SE)	3Km/Hr (S)	3Km/Hr (ESE)	2Km/Hr (E)		
23-10-2016	000	21.3	14.0	Temperature (Min-Max)	13 - 21°C	13 - 21°C	13 - 21°C	13 - 21°C	13 - 20°C		
24-10-2016	000	20.8	13.8	RH (Min-Max)	52 - 78%	51 - 78%	50 - 76%	65 - 89%	49 - 75%		

	Namthang				South Sikkim Forecast							
Date	Rainfall I	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5			
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Partly Cloudy			
21-10-2016	000	23.0	14.0	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	Very Light	No rain			
22-10-2016	000	24.5	13.5	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	2Km/Hr (SSE)	2Km/Hr (SSE)	3Km/Hr (S)	3Km/Hr (SE)	3Km/Hr (ESE)			
23-10-2016	000	22.5	12.0	Temperature (Min-Max)	13 - 23°C	13 - 23°C	12 - 23°C	12 - 22°C	12 - 22°C			
24-10-2016	000	23.5	12.5	RH (Min-Max)	52 - 76%	51 - 75%	50 - 75%	68 - 90%	50 - 74%			

<b>Gyalshing (AWS)</b>				West Sikkim Forecast						
Data	Rainfall Max. Tem		Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
Date	(mm)	- 1	(°C)	Sky Condition	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Partly Cloudy	
21-10-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	
22-10-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	2Km/Hr (S)	3Km/Hr (S)	3Km/Hr (SSW)	3Km/Hr (SSE)	2Km/Hr (ESE)	
23-10-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	Temperature (Min-Max)	14 - 22°C	14 - 22°C	14 - 22°C	13 - 21°C	13 - 21°C	
24-10-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	RH (Min-Max)	54 - 80%	53 - 78%	52 - 76%	62 - 88%	51 - 75%	

## Part II

### AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

- Spraying of plant protection biopesticides on bright sunny day for insect and disease management is recommended.
- Nursery should be raised for early season cole crops (cabbage, cauliflower, broccoli), onion, raya saag etc. under protected condition.
- Provide adequate drainage to avoid water logging in ginger, turmeric.
- Vermicompost pits should be covered with gunny bags / weed biomass/ dry forest litter/ domestic and farm waste and kept moist by providing water at weekly interval.
- Avoid feeding of damp and foul smelling feed to all livestock and poultry.
- FMD Vaccination is strongly recommended for all livestock. Farmers may please contact nearest veterinary hospital/institution/V.O. for the vaccination
- De-worming with Fenbendazole @ 10 mg / kg body weight.
- **Solution** Weeks. The floor should be covered with paddy husk (15 cm). Newspaper should be spread over the paddy husk during first 3-4 days. Starter feed should be spread over the newspaper.
- Regular raking of the floor litter should be done at an interval of 10 days. Lime powder application is recommended to prevent dampness. Excessive moist floor litter materials should be removed and replaced with fresh materials.
- Regular vaccination of Vanaraja birds: Lasota vaccine; 5-7 day old chicks in one eye. IBD vaccine; orally or in drinking water on 16 and 26 day old chicks. Lasota vaccine: 30 day old chicks in one eye.
- Sufficient green fodder should be provided to all livestock or allow range grazing to maintain proper productive and reproductive performance.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Pest/ Disease	Agro-Met Advisories
Crops			
Rice	Flowering and Reproductive	Gandhi bug Neck Blast	<ul> <li>Spray neem based formulation (1500ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for controlling leaf folder.</li> <li>Proper soil moisture should be maintained up to grain filling stage.</li> <li>Spray with copper oxychloride @ 0.25 % or Bordeaux mixture @ 1%</li> </ul>
Black gram	Pod formation and harvesting	Blister Beetle	for the management of neck blast at 10-15 days interval.  Harvesting should be done when pod turns pale yellow colour.  Collection and destruction of Blister beetles and spraying of Neem oil @3ml/lit should be done.

Finger millet	Grain formation and Harvesting		•	Regular field monitoring should be done.
Rice bean	pod formation	Blister Beetle  Legume pod borer	<ul><li> </li><li> </li></ul>	Proper staking should be done.  Collection and destruction of Blister beetles and spraying of Neem oil @3ml/lit should be done.
Soybean	Pod development and harvesting		<b>*</b>	Uproot diseased plants. Harvesting should be done when pod turns pale yellow colour.
Tomato	Flowering/ fruiting	Fruit borer/ white fly/ late blight	•	Application of petroleum agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre for management of aphids, white fly etc. at 15 days interval for 2-3 times.  Installation of sex pheromone traps @ 2-3 traps/1000 sqm.  Removal of infected leaves/ plant and drenching/ spray with copper oxychloride @ 0.25 % or Bordeaux mixture @ 1%.  Harvesting of mature green tomato should be done for distant market and pinkish/ reddish for local market.
Red cherry pepper/Dalley chilli	Flowering/ fruiting	Aphid/ white fly/fruit fly	<ul><li> </li><li> </li><li> </li></ul>	Drenching with COC @ 0.25% at 7-10 days interval for management of root rot.  Application of petroleum agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre for management of aphids, white fly etc. at 15 days interval for 2-3 times.  Collection and destruction of infested fruit.  Installation of para pheromone trap (cue lure) @ 16-20 traps/ha. Regular harvesting
Gourds (Bottle/bitter/sponge/ridge)	Flowering/ fruiting	Fruit fly		Proper drainage should be maintained.  Collection and destruction of infested fruit.  Installation of para pheromone trap (cue lure) @ 16-20 traps/ha.  Regular harvesting should be done to improve the yield.

Okra	Flowering/	Blister beetle/ friut	<b>*</b>	Proper drainage should be ensured.
Cucurbitaceous	fruiting/	fly		Regular monitoring, collection and
crops	harvesting			destruction of beetles.  Install pheromone traps @ 16-20
				traps/ha for control of fruit fly. The
				lure has to be replaced at every 20
				days interval.
			<b>*</b>	Collect and destroy the infected
				fruits.
Large cardamom	After Harvesting	-		Apply well decomposed FYM @
Cardamom				2kg/ vermicompost @ 200g and neem
				cake @ 150g per clump.  Removal and burying of blight
				infected leaves.
				Weeding/ removal of infected tillers
				should be done.
				Removal of infected leaves/ plant and
				spray with copper oxychloride @
				0.25 %.
Ginger	Seed rhizome			Identify healthy plants for seed rhizomes.
Sikkim	Fruit maturity	Trunk borer/ leaf		Tree trunk should be painted with 1%
mandarin		miner, scab, aphid and felt disease		Bordeaux paste.
		and left disease		Plant basin should be kept weed free. For leaf miner and aphids
				management, application of petroleum
				agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil
				(1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre at 15 days
				interval for 2-3 times is recommended.
				Spray COC @ 0.25% after removing
				the infected branches
				Regular monitoring for detection of trunk borer infestation at the base of
				the trunk is advised. If wooden frass is
				observed, cleaning and insertion of
				cotton soaked in kerosene and
				plastered with clay and cowdung
				mixture.
Kiwifruit	Fruit maturity			Preventive measures should be taken
				to avoid bird and squirrel damage.
Animal Sciences			•	
Tibetan Sheep				Feeding of concentrate feed along
				with mineral mixture and salt.  Hay feeding is recommended.
				may recuire is recommended.

Yak		<b>\lambda</b>	Feeding of concentrate feed along
			with mineral mixture and salt.
			Hay feeding is recommended.
		<b>*</b>	Trimming of hair is recommended.
Cattle, Sheep			Farmers are advised to look for heat
and Goat			sign especially during early morning
			or late evening and ensure breeding
			of the dairy cattle 12 hr after
			observation of heat.
			Breeding of the sheep/goat should be
			done 24-30 hr after observation of
			heat.
			Feeding of concentrate feed along
			with jaggery, mineral mixture and
			salt.
			Periodic application of fly repellents
			and/or netting of dung pit are
			recommended.
Cattle			Balanced feeding of dairy animals
			and allow calf suckling immediately
			after parturition. Colostrum (first
			three days milk) feeding to new born
			calf for first three days of life should
			be ensured.
			Full hand milking should be
			practiced.
			Frequent incomplete milking at
			interval of 4hrs should be practiced
			after parturition for minimum 1 week.
			Afterwards complete milking in a day
			is recommended.
Poultry	Coccidiosis, Ranikhet		16 hrs of light (natural and electrical)
	disease		should be provided to adult birds for
			optimum egg production.
		~	Frequent raking and liming of deep
			litter materials.
		~	Inclusion of turmeric powder @ 10g/kg feed for prevention of
			coccidiosis.
			Maintenance of brooder temperature
		Ť	for chicks with the help of electrical
			bulbs for initial one month.
			Ranikhet vaccination at 5 <sup>th</sup> day and at
			30 <sup>th</sup> day of age.
		<b></b>	Calcium/shell grit and multi vitamin
			supplementation is strongly
			or promotion is such gry

			•	recommended to optimize egg production.  Spraying of ectoparasiticides <i>viz.</i> , deltamethrin/cypermethrin @ 1% v/v in water.
Pig	All stages	Swine fever	<ul><li>**</li><li>**</li></ul>	Keep floor dry to avoid skin diseases. Weaning is recommended at the age of 8 weeks for crossbreds and 10 weeks for indigenous pigs. Swine fever vaccine at the age of 8-10 week is recommended. Critical heat detection in early morning and late evening is recommended. Feed 5-10% green fodder of their diet.