

STATE COMPOSITE AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE STATE OF SIKKIM PERIOD: 29TH MARCH to 31ST MARCH'2016



IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD, GANGTOK





ISSUED ON TUESDAY 29TH MARCH'2016

Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

	Mangan (PTO)				North Sikkim Forecast							
Date	. Rainfall Max. T	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5			
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy			
25/3/2016	000	25.6	11.2	Rainfall	Light	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Light			
26/3/2016	000	25.2	10.5	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	2Km/Hr (S)	3Km/Hr (SSW)	3Km/Hr (SE)	2Km/Hr (SSE)	2Km/Hr (S)			
27/3/2016	000	20.3	10.3	Temperature (Min-Max)	11 - 26°C	11 - 25°C	11 - 24°C	11 - 22°C	11 - 24°C			
28/3/2016	010	20.1	10.1	RH (Min-Max)	60 - 80%	64 - 85%	75 - 92%	72 - 90%	60 - 84%			

	Gangtok			East Sikkim Forecast							
Data	Rainfall	Rainfall Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy		
25/3/2016	000	22.2	12.4	Rainfall	Very Light	Light	Moderate	Light	Very Light		
26/3/2016	000	20.5	13.8	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	2Km/Hr (ESE)	2Km/Hr (E)	3Km/Hr (E)	3Km/Hr (SSE)	3Km/Hr (S)		
27/3/2016	000	20.4	14.9	Temperature (Min-Max)	11 - 21°C	12 - 20°C	12 - 19°C	12 - 18°C	11 - 19°C		
28/3/2016	010	15.9	12.6	RH (Min-Max)	58 - 80%	60 - 85%	75 - 92%	70 - 91%	55 - 85%		

	Namthang				South Sikkim Forecast							
Date	Rainfall M	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5			
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy			
25/3/2016	000	26.0	13.5	Rainfall	No rain	Very Light	Light	Very Light	No rain			
26/3/2016	000	26.5	16.5	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	3Km/Hr (SE)	3Km/Hr (SE)	2Km/Hr (E)	2Km/Hr (SE)	3Km/Hr (S)			
27/3/2016	000	25.5	17.0	Temperature (Min-Max)	15 - 26°C	15 - 25°C	15 - 24°C	14 - 22°C	14 - 24°C			
28/3/2016	008	19.5	13.5	RH (Min-Max)	55 - 80%	60 - 85%	75 - 90%	70 - 90%	58 - 82%			

(Gyalshing (AWS)			West Sikkim Forecast							
Data	Rainfall	ainfall Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy		
25/3/2016	000	25.0	11.9	Rainfall	No rain	Light	Moderate	Light	No rain		
26/3/2016	000	22.2	12.9	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	3Km/Hr (ESE)	3Km/Hr (SSE)	2Km/Hr (ENE)	2Km/Hr (ENE)	3Km/Hr (ESE)		
27/3/2016	000	21.9	15.1	Temperature (Min-Max)	12 - 23°C	12 - 22°C	13 - 20°C	12 - 19°C	11 - 21°C		
28/3/2016	007	17.3	12.3	RH (Min-Max)	56 - 75%	62 - 85%	75 - 92%	70 - 90%	60 - 82%		

Part II

AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

General Advisories for all the crops/ livestock

- Spraying of plant protection biopesticides on bright sunny day for insect and disease management is recommended.
- Jalkund should be covered with thatch to prevent evaporation losses.
- **Vermicompost pits should be covered with gunny bags / paddy straw/ dry forest litter to regulate the temperature.**
- Avoid feeding of damp and foul smelling feed to all livestock and poultry.
- De-worming with Fenbendazole @ 10 mg / kg body weight.
- Protect animals from cold by providing protective cover/ house and light.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Pest/ Disease	Agro-Met Advisories
Crops			
Maize	Land preparation		 Apply well decomposed FYM @ 2.5 t/ha + mixed compost 2.5 t/ha + 0.5 t/ha neem cake and mix properly with soil 7-10 days before sowing Apply dolomite @ 200 kg/ha in furrow before sowing Take protection measure to save maize seedlings from birds.
Buckwheat	Harvesting		Harvesting should be done at physiological maturity stage.
Mustard/ Toria	Harvesting		Harvesting should be done at physiological maturity stage.
Tomato	Nursery raising		 Prepare 4 inch raised bed of 1 m x 5 m size for nursery raising. Bed should be prepared to a fine tilth by mixing well decomposed FYM @ 2 kg/m² and vermicompost @ 500 g/m² incubated with 2% <i>Trichoderma viride</i> for management of soil borne diseases. Seed should be sown in line 4-5 cm apart at shallow depth 1-2 cm. Light irrigation should be provided immediately after seed sowing with rose can.

			•	Proper moisture should be maintained in nursery beds for better germination.
Large	Post harvest crop			Regular watering should be done at
cardamom	management			15 – 30 days intervals.
				Regular monitoring for pest and
				disease incidence.
			*	Shade management with the proper lopping of trees.
Ginger	Sowing			Identify healthy plants for seed
				rhizomes.
				Selected rhizomes for planting
				material should be kept in partial
				shade for better sprouting.
			*	Forest litter should be collected well
				in advance as mulching material. Apply well decomposed FYM @ 20-
			~	25 t/ha + 1.0 t/ha neem cake and mix
				properly with soil 7-10 days before
				sowing.
			*	Broadcast dolomite @ 2 t/ha before
		446		sowing and mix properly with soil.
Sikkim	Flowering/ Fruit			Basin maintenance and manuring with
Mandarin	set			FYM @ 30-35 kg/tree should be done. Avoid application of FYM close to the
				trunk.
			\oint{\oint}	
				Bordeaux mixture @ 1%.
Kiwi fruit	Pruning			Basin maintenance and manuring with
	/Training			FYM @ 30-35 kg/tree should be done.
				Avoid application of FYM close to the
				trunk.
			~	Regular watering should be done till
Animal Sciences				sprouting
Tibetan Sheep				Feeding of concentrate feed along
Tiocian Sheep			~	with mineral mixture and salt.
			*	Hay feeding is recommended.
Yak				Feeding of concentrate feed along
				with mineral mixture and salt.
			*	Hay feeding is recommended.
Cattle, Sheep			\lambda	Farmers are advised to look for heat
				sign especially during early morning

and Goat Cattle			*	or late evening and ensure breeding of the dairy cattle after 12 hr of observation of heat. Breeding of the sheep/goat should be done after 24-30 hr of observation of heat. Feeding of concentrate feed along with jaggery, mineral mixture and salt. Periodic application of fly repellents and/or netting of dung pit are recommended. Balanced feeding of dairy animals and allow calf suckling immediately after parturition. Full hand milking should be
			•	practiced. Frequent incomplete milking at interval of 4hrs should be practiced after parturition for minimum 1 week. Afterwards complete milking in a day is recommended.
Poultry		Cocciodiosis, Ranikhet disease		should be provided to adult birds for optimum egg production. Frequent raking and liming of deep litter materials. Inclusion of turmeric powder @ 10g/kg feed for prevention of cocciodiosis. Maintenance of brooder temperature for chicks with the help of electrical bulbs for initial one month. Ranikhet vaccination at 5 th day and at 30 th day of age. Calcium/shell grit and multi vitamin supplementation is strongly recommended to optimize egg production. Spraying of ectoparasiticides <i>viz.</i> , deltamethrin/cypermethrin @ 1% v/v in water.
Pig	All stages	Swine fever		Keep floor dry to avoid skin diseases. Weaning is recommended at the age of 8 weeks for crosbreds and 10

	weeks for indigeneous pigs. Swine fever vaccine at the age of 8-10 week is recommended. Critical heat detection in early morning and late evening is recommended. Feed 5-10% green fodder of their diet.
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