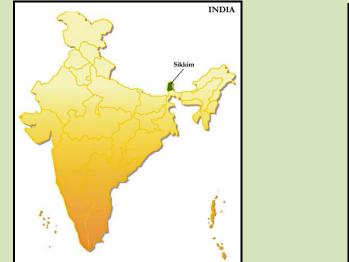


STATE COMPOSITE AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE STATE OF SIKKIM PERIOD: 26TH AUGUST TO 29TH AUGUST'2016



IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH *ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD, GANGTOK*





ISSUED ON FRIDAY 26TH AUGUST'2016

Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

	Mangar			North Sikkim Forecast						
	Mangan (PTO)			Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp (°C)	Sky Condition	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	
Date	(mm)	(°C)		Rainfall	Light	Light	Light	Light	Light	
23-8-2016	012	27.2	20.2	Wind (Km/Hr) (Speed/ Dir)	3(SW)	2(WSW)	2(SW)	3(SW)	3(SW)	
24-8-2016	004	30.0	20.1	Temperature (Min-Max)	20 - 29°C	20 - 28°C	20 - 28°C	20 - 27°C	19 - 27°C	
25-8-2016	000	32.1	20.5	RH (Min- Max)	65 - 86%	68 - 85%	69 - 90%	74 - 92%	79 - 93%	

	Constaly				East Sikkim Forecast						
	Gangtok			Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Sky Condition	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy		
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Rainfall	Light	Light	Light	Moderate	Light		
23-8-2016	014	20.9	18.3	Wind (Km/Hr) (Speed/ Dir)	2(SW)	2(SW)	3(SSW)	3(S)	3(SSW)		
24-8-2016	005	23.5	18.0	Temperature (Min-Max)	19 - 24°C	18 - 23°C	18 - 23°C	18 - 22°C	18 - 22°C		
25-8-2016	002	26.2	18.7	RH (Min- Max)	63 - 84%	63 - 86%	72 - 88%	77 - 94%	82 - 94%		

_												
	Namthang				South Sikkim Forecast							
					Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
ſ	Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp (°C)	Sky Condition	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Generally Cloudy		
	Date	(mm)	(°C)		Rainfall	Very Light	Light	Light	Moderate	Light		
	23-8-2016	000	28.0	20.0	Wind (Km/Hr) (Speed/ Dir)	3(SW)	2(WSW)	3(SW)	3(SSW)	3(SW)		
	24-8-2016	001	30.5	20.5	Temperature (Min-Max)	20 - 28°C	20 - 28°C	19 - 27°C	19 - 27°C	19 - 27°C		
	25-8-2016	000	27.5	20.5	RH (Min- Max)	63 - 84%	63 - 86%	73 - 90%	78 - 94%	75 - 92%		

	Cuelchir			West Sikkim Forecast							
	Gyalshing (AWS)			Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Sky Condition	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy		
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Rainfall	Light	Light	Light	Light	Light		
23-8-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	Wind (Km/Hr) (Speed/ Dir)	2(WSW)	2(WNW)	3(WNW)	3(SSW)	3(WSW)		
24-8-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	Temperature (Min-Max)	19 - 25°C	19 - 24°C	19 - 24°C	18 - 23°C	18 - 23°C		
25-8-2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	RH (Min- Max)	66 - 86%	69 - 88%	78 - 91%	83 - 95%	82 - 93%		

<u>Part II</u>

AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

- Spraying of plant protection biopesticides on bright sunny day for insect and disease management is recommended.
- **Water harvesting structure should be constructed for storing rain water.**
- Provide adequate drainage to avoid water logging in ginger, turmeric and summer vegetables.
- Vermicompost pits should be covered with gunny bags / weed biomass/ dry forest litter/ domestic and farm waste and kept moist by providing water at weekly interval.
- Avoid feeding of damp and foul smelling feed to all livestock and poultry.
- FMD Vaccination is strongly recommended for all livestock. Farmers may please contact nearest veterinary hospital/institution/V.O. for the vaccination
- De-worming with Fenbendazole @ 10 mg / kg body weight.
- Keep the Vanaraja chicks in warm condition (32-33°C at chick height) during the first four weeks. The floor should be covered with paddy husk (15 cm). Newspaper should be spread over the paddy husk during first 3-4 days. Starter feed should be spread over the newspaper.
- Regular raking of the floor litter should be done at an interval of 10 days. Lime powder application is recommended to prevent dampness. Excessive moist floor litter materials should be removed and replaced with fresh materials.
- Regular vaccination of Vanaraja birds: Lasota vaccine; 5-7 day old chicks in one eye. IBD vaccine; orally or in drinking water on 16 and 26 day old chicks. Lasota vaccine: 30 day old chicks in one eye.
- Sufficient green fodder should be provided to all livestock or allow range grazing to maintain proper productive and reproductive performance.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Pest/ Disease	Agro-Met Advisories
Crops			
Rice	Vegetative stage	-	 Weeding should be done where crop is in vegetative stage (20-25 days after planting). Proper maintenance of field channel and bunds are necessary to utilize the rain water. Uprooted weeds may be left in between rows to decompose in standing flood water. Weeds may be incorporated into the soil under SRI.
Black gram	Seedling state		 To avoid water logging proper drainage should be maintained. Timely sowing on ridges is recommended.

T ! !!!				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Finger millet	Transplanting/			Land should be prepared for raising
	vegetative			of finger millet nursery
				/transplanting.
				Proper maintenance of field channel
				and bunds are necessary to utilize the
				rain water.
				Well decomposed FYM/poultry
				manure/ vermicompost or other
				available organic sources of nutrients
				may be broadcast and incorporated by
				ploughing.
				First weeding should be done upto 30
				days after transplanting.
				Maintain optimum plant population
				(20x15cm) for higher yield.
Rice bean	Vegetative stage			Proper staking should be done.
				Collection and destruction of Blister
				beetles and spraying of Neem oil
				@3ml/lit should be done.
Soybean	Land			Weeding should be done
	preparation/			Maintain optimum plant population.
	sowing			
Tomato	Flowering/	Fruit borer/ white fly/	٨	Infected/dried leaves should be
	fruiting/	late blight		pruned and spray COC @ 0.25% at 7-
	harvesting			10 days interval for management of
	C			
			٨	0
				-
				interval for 2-3 times.
			۲	Installation of sex pheromone traps @
				2-3 traps/1000 sqm.
Red cherry	Vegetative/	Aphid/ white fly	٨	· ·
pepper/Dalley	flowering/			10 days interval for management of
chilli	fruiting			root rot.
			٨	Application of petroleum agrospray
				@ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm)
				@ 5 ml/litre for management of
				aphids, white fly etc. at 15 days
				interval for 2-3 times.
pepper/Dalley	Vegetative/ flowering/	Aphid/ white fly	 <th> late blight. Application of petroleum agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre for management of aphids, white fly <i>etc.</i> at 15 days interval for 2-3 times. Installation of sex pheromone traps @ 2-3 traps/1000 sqm. Drenching with COC @ 0.25% at 7-10 days interval for management of root rot. Application of petroleum agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre for management of aphids, white fly etc. at 15 days </th>	 late blight. Application of petroleum agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre for management of aphids, white fly <i>etc.</i> at 15 days interval for 2-3 times. Installation of sex pheromone traps @ 2-3 traps/1000 sqm. Drenching with COC @ 0.25% at 7-10 days interval for management of root rot. Application of petroleum agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil (1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre for management of aphids, white fly etc. at 15 days

		1		
Gourds (Bottle/	Flowering/	Fruit fly		Proper drainage should be
bitter/ sponge/	fruiting			maintained.
ridge)			٨	Collection and destruction of infested
				fruit.
			٨	Installation of para pheromone trap
				(cue lure) @ 16-20 traps/ha.
			٨	Regular harvesting should be done to
				improve the yield.
Okra	Flowering/	Blister beetle/ friut		Proper drainage should be ensured.
	fruiting/	fly		Regular monitoring, collection and
Cucurbitaceous	harvesting			destruction of beetles.
crops	8		۲	Install pheromone traps @ 16-20
			Ť	traps/ha for control of fruit fly. The
				lure has to be replaced at every 20
				days interval.
			٨	Collect and destroy the infected
				fruits.
Large	Vegetative/	-		Planting of disease free sucker should
cardamom	floral bud			be done.
	formation		٨	Apply well decomposed FYM @
				2kg/ vermicompost @ 200g and neem
				cake @ 150g per clump.
				Removal and burying of blight
				infected leaves.
				Weeding/ removal of infected tillers
				should be done.
			٨	Removal of infected leaves/ plant and
				spray with copper oxychloride @
				0.25 %.
Ginger	Vegetative	Soft rot	٨	Proper drainage should be
				maintained.
			٨	Weeding and second mulching is
				recommended.
			٨	Removal of infected leaves/ plant and
				drenching/ spray with copper
				oxychloride @ 0.25 %.
Sikkim	Fruit growth	Trunk borer/ leaf	٨	Tree trunk should be painted with 1%
mandarin		miner		Bordeaux paste.
		Scab and Felt disease	٨	
			٨	Proper drainage should be ensured.
			٨	For leaf miner and aphids
				management, application of petroleum
				agrospray @ 10ml/litre or neem oil
				(1500 ppm) @ 5 ml/litre at 15 days
				interval for 2-3 times is recommended.
				Spray COC @ 0.25% after removing
				Sprag coc c 0.2570 unter removing

Kiwifruit	Fruiting	 the infected branches Regular monitoring for detection of trunk borer infestation at the base of the trunk is advised. If wooden frass is observed, cleaning and insertion of cotton soaked in kerosene and plastered with clay and cowdung mixture. Plant basin should be kept weed free. Proper drainage should be maintained to avoid water stagnation. Basin should be weed free. Avoid FYM application near the tree trunk. To fertilize the crop, well decomposed FYM @ 10-20kg /plant should be applied in the basin of trees.
Animal Sciences		 Preventive spray of copper oxychloride @ 0.25 % and petroleum oil based agro spray @ 10 ml/l.
Tibetan Sheep		 Feeding of concentrate feed along with mineral mixture and salt. Hay feeding is recommended.
Yak		 Feeding of concentrate feed along with mineral mixture and salt. Hay feeding is recommended. Trimming of hair is recommended.
Cattle, Sheep and Goat		 Farmers are advised to look for heat sign especially during early morning or late evening and ensure breeding of the dairy cattle 12 hr after observation of heat. Breeding of the sheep/goat should be done 24-30 hr after observation of heat. Feeding of concentrate feed along with jaggery, mineral mixture and salt. Periodic application of fly repellents and/or netting of dung pit are recommended.

		I		
Cattle			\	Balanced feeding of dairy animals and allow calf suckling immediately
				after parturition. Colostrum (first
				three days milk) feeding to new born
				calf for first three days of life should
				be ensured.
			٨	Full hand milking should be
				practiced.
			۲	Frequent incomplete milking at
				interval of 4hrs should be practiced
				after parturition for minimum 1 week.
				Afterwards complete milking in a day
				is recommended.
Poultry		Coccidiosis, Ranikhet	٨	16 hrs of light (natural and electrical)
		disease		should be provided to adult birds for
				optimum egg production.
			۲	Frequent raking and liming of deep
				litter materials.
			٨	Inclusion of turmeric powder @
				10g/kg feed for prevention of
				coccidiosis.
			۲	Maintenance of brooder temperature
				for chicks with the help of electrical
				bulbs for initial one month.
				Ranikhet vaccination at 5 th day and at
				30 th day of age.
				Calcium/shell grit and multi vitamin
				supplementation is strongly
				recommended to optimize egg
				production.
				Spraying of ectoparasiticides viz.,
				deltamethrin/cypermethrin @ 1% v/v
				in water.
Pig	All stages	Swine fever		Keep floor dry to avoid skin diseases.
				Weaning is recommended at the age
				of 8 weeks for crossbreds and 10
				weeks for indigenous pigs.
				10 week is recommended.
				Critical heat detection in early
				morning and late evening is
				recommended.
				Feed 5-10% green fodder of their
				diet.