

STATE COMPOSITE AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE STATE OF SIKKIM



PERIOD: 3RD FEBRUARY'2015 - 5TH FEBRUARY'2015

IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD, GANGTOK





ISSUED ON "TUESDAY 3RD FEBRUARY'2015

Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Mangan (AWS)			North Sikkim Forecast						
Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky	Mainly	Mainly	Mainly	Partly	Partly
				Condition	Clear	Clear	Clear	Cloudy	Cloudy
30-1-2015	000	17.2	06.0	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain
31-1-2015	002	16.4	05.2	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	3Km/Hr (WSW)	2Km/Hr (SW)	3Km/Hr (WSW)	2Km/Hr (WSW)	1Km/Hr (WSW)
1-2-2015	000	19.3	06.0	Temperature (Min-Max)	8 - 20°C	8 - 20°C	7 - 19°C	7 - 19°C	7 - 19°C
2-2-2015	000	19.9	07.4	RH (Min-Max)	45 - 72%	46 - 71%	40 - 65%	48 - 75%	47 - 70%

Gangtok				East Sikkim Forecast						
Data	Rainfall Max. 7	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
Date	(mm)	(°C)		Sky	Mainly	Mainly	Mainly	Partly	Partly	
			Condition	Clear	Clear	Clear	Cloudy	Cloudy		
30-1-2015	000	13.0	04.4	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	
31-1-2015	000	11.8	03.9	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	3Km/Hr (NW)	3Km/Hr (SW)	2Km/Hr (W)	2Km/Hr (W)	2Km/Hr (WNW)	
1-2-2015	000	13.2	04.5	Temperature (Min-Max)	7 - 16°C	6 - 16°C	6 - 15°C	6 - 15°C	6 - 15°C	
2-2-2015	000	15.3	05.8	RH (Min-Max)	40 - 76%	42 - 73%	38 - 65%	44 - 75%	45 - 70%	

Namthang				South Sikkim Forecast							
Date	Rainfall Max. Te	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	(mm)	(°C)		Sky	Mainly	Partly	Mainly	Mainly	Partly		
			Condition	Clear	Cloudy	Clear	Clear	Cloudy			
30-1-2015	000	16.0	07.5	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain		
31-1-2015	000	15.0	05.6	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	3Km/Hr (WNW)	4Km/Hr (SSW)	3Km/Hr (WSW)	4Km/Hr (W)	4Km/Hr (WNW)		
1-2-2015	000	16.0	06.0	Temperature (Min-Max)	7 - 18°C	7 - 18°C	7 - 19°C	7 - 18°C	7 - 18°C		
2-2-2015	000	16.0	07.5	RH (Min-Max)	45 - 72%	46 - 71%	40 - 65%	45 - 74%	47 - 70%		

Gyalshing (AWS)			West Sikkim Forecast						
Data	Rainfall	fall Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Day → Parameter↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Sky	Mainly	Partly	Mainly	Partly	Mainly
				Condition	Clear	Cloudy	Clear	Cloudy	Clear
30-1-2015	000	14.7	03.9	Rainfall	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain	No rain
31-1-2015	000	13.6	04.2	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	4Km/Hr (W)	3Km/Hr (ESE)	3Km/Hr (SW)	4Km/Hr (SW)	4Km/Hr (WSW)
1-2-2015	000	14.2	03.9	Temperature (Min-Max)	6 - 19°C	6 - 18°C	6 - 18°C	6 - 18°C	6 - 18°C
2-2-2015	000	18.0	06.0	RH (Min-Max)	45 - 72%	46 - 71%	40 - 65%	43 - 73%	48 - 70%

Part II

AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

General Advisories for all the crops

- Conservation of soil moisture through locally available biomass mulching in all the crops.
- Preventive spray and soil drenching with copper oxychloride @2.5 g/l of water at weekly intervals.
- Spraying of plant protection biopesticides in the evening.
- Utilization of harvested water stored in various structures like *Jalkund* is recommended through drip and sprinkler irrigation system for cultivation of *Rabi* crops.
- Incorporate organic sources of nutrients (FYM, Vermicompost, Poultry manure, Pig manure, Goat/ Sheep manure, Mixed compost, Neem cake *etc.*) in to the soil for cultivation of all *Rabi* crops.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Pest/ Disease	Agro-Met Advisories
Crops			
Rapeseed and mustard	Flowering /Pod formation stage	Aphid	 One irrigation is recommended to avoid moisture stress. Remove the infected inflorescence/pod. Spray Neem based formulation @3ml/lit for the management of aphid.
Buckwheat	Flowering / grain filling		Regular monitoring of crop.
Garden pea	vegetative/ flowering/ harvesting	Rust	 Hand weeding should be done to reduce the weed pressure. Weeded plants can be used as surface mulch to conserve soil moisture. One irrigation is recommended to avoid moisture stress. Preventive spray with 0.25% wettable sulphur for the management of rust and powdery mildew. Pod harvesting should be done carefully to avoid plant damage.

		Powdery mildew Disease		
Large cardamom	Vegetative/ floral bud formation		•	Removal and burying of blight infected leaves. Two irrigations in a month are recommended. Field sanitation and removal of unproductive tillers.
Ginger	Storage		•	Harvested rhizome should be dried for two weeks under shade condition and stored in cool and dry place for seed material.
Cole crops	Vegetative/ Harvesting	Damping offClub root	 	Drenching with copper oxychloride @ 0.25 % or Bordeaux mixture @ 1% at 10 days interval for the management of damping off and root rot. Removal of club root infected plant and drenching with copper oxychloride @ 0.25 % or Bordeaux mixture @ 1%. Application of Neem cake/ mustard oil cake @ 50kg/1000sqm. Drenching of plant with mixture of water, cow urine and Neem oil 8 litre, 2 litre and 50 ml, respectively at weekly interval to avoid red ant and cut worms. Earthing up for early transplanted crop is recommended. Over watering should be avoided.

Tomato	Nursery/	Late blight of		Seed should be sown for commercial
	vegetative /	tomato		production in raised bed of 4inches
	fruiting			and 1m width.
				Seed treatment with Trichoderma
				viride @ 4g/kg seed.
		经企业企		Soil treatment with Trichoderma
				viride @ 2.5 kg/50kg FYM or sand.
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		二种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种		and incorporate well decomposed
				FYM @ 2kg/sqm.
			*	Regular watering should be done.
		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	*	Removal of diseased leaves and
				branches and weekly spraying of
				copper oxychloride @ 0.25% for the
D		. T . 11' 1. C		management of late blight disease. Removal of diseased leaves and
Potato	vegetative	Late blight of	~	branches and weekly spraying of
		potato		copper oxychloride @ 0.25% for the
				management of late blight disease.
			*	Regular watering should be done
		军 李兰 (《)	_	Deceler was the should be done and
			~	Regular weeding should be done and followed by earthing up.
				Tollowed by earthing up.
Sikkim	Nursery stage			Seeds of elite mother plant should be
Mandarin				sown in raised nursery bed for raising
				nucellar seedlings.
			\oint\rightarrow	Nursery bed should be prepared with
				mixing of sand, FYM and soil at the
				ratio of 2:1:1.
			*	Diseased and unwanted branches
				should be removed and spray with
				copper oxychloride @ 0.25 %.
			*	Well decomposed FYM @ 10-20kg
				/plant should be applied in the basin of
				trees.
			*	Avoid FYM application near the tree
				trunk. Pagular watering should be done
Kiwi fruit	Training			Regular watering should be done.
Kiwi iiuit	/Pruning		*	Dormant kiwi fruit plant should be pruned to give proper shape to the
	/I fulling			vine.
				Well decomposed FYM @ 10-20kg
			•	/plant should be applied in the basin of
				trees.
				Avoid FYM application near the tree
			•	trunk.
				ti wiik.

Animal Scien	nces		
Tibetan Sheep	Sheared sheep		Provide winter shelter for lambs.
Yak	Pregnancy	Weight gain	 Pregnancy diagnosis is recommended. Feeding of concentrate feed along with mineral mixture and salt. Provide winter shelter for calves.
Cattle, Sheep and Goat	All stages		 Chances of coming into estrus so farmers are advised to look for heat sign especially during early morning or late evening and ensure breeding of the animal after 12 hr of 1st heat observe. Feeding of colostrums within 2 hrs of birth. Feeding of concentrate feed along with jaggery, mineral mixture and salt. De-worming with Fenbendazole @ 10 mg / kg body weight.
Poultry	All stages	High humidity	 Frequent raking and liming of deep litter materials. Inclusion of turmeric powder @ 10g/kg feed for prevention of cocciodiosis. Maintenance of brooder temperature for chicks with the help of electrical bulbs. Ranikhet vaccination at 5th day and at 30th day of age. Calcium and multi vitamin supplementation is strongly recommended to optimize egg production.
Pig	All stages		 Keep floor dry to avoid skin diseases. De-worming with Fenbendazole @ 10 mg / kg body weight. Swine fever vaccine at the age of 8-10 week is recommended.