

STATE COMPOSITE AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE STATE OF SIKKIM



PERIOD: 9TH SEPTEMBER - 11TH SEPTEMBER"2014

IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD, GANGTOK





ISSUED ON TUESDAY 9TH SEPTEMBER'2014 BY

Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

Part I: Weather

Significant Past Weather in different districts during the period 05/09/14 TO 08/09/14

Weather Forecast for different districts for the period 09/09/14 to 13/09/14

North Sikkim

Mangan (AWS)				North Sikkim		
Date	Rainfall (mm)	Max. Temp (°C)	Min. Temp (°C)	■ Generally cloudy sky during the period 9 th September to 13 th September is expected.		
05-09-2014	003.0	30.6	19.4	 Light to moderate rain is expected during the period 9th September to 13th September. Wind from southeasterly to southerly with an 		
06-09-2014	024.0	29.7	19.4	average speed of 2-4 km/hr is expected. ■ Maximum and minimum temperatures are expected to be around 24-28°C and 19°C		
07-09-2014	002.0	27.8	19.6	respectively. Maximum and minimum relative humidity is		
08-09-2014	003.0	N/A	19.4	expected to be 88-96% and 72-77% respectively.		

East Sikkim

Gangtok				East Sikkim		
Date	Rainfall (mm)	Max. Temp (°C)	Min. Temp (°C)	■ Generally cloudy sky during the period 9 th September to 13 th September is expected.		
05-09-2014	005.0	24.2	17.1	 Moderate rain is expected during the period 9th September to 13th September. Wind from mainly easterly on 12th and 		
06-09-2014	019.0	23.6	17.9	southeasterly to southerly on rest days with an average speed of 2km/hr is expected. Maximum and minimum temperatures are		
07-09-2014	010.7	22.2	17.3	expected to be around 21-22°C and 17-18°C respectively. Maximum and minimum relative humidity is		
08-09-2014	006.7	N/A	17.2	expected to be 92-97% and 70-80% respectively.		

Significant Past Weather in different districts during the period 05/09/14 TO 08/09/14

Weather Forecast for different districts for the period 09/09/14 to 13/09/14

South Sikkim

Namthang				South Sikkim		
Date	Rainfall (mm)	Max. Temp (°C)	Min. Temp (°C)	■ Generally cloudy sky during the period 9 th September to 13 th September is expected.		
05-09-2014	001.2	30.5	20.0	 Light to moderate rain is expected during the period 9th September to 13th September. Wind from mainly easterly on 12th and south- 		
06-09-2014	003.6	29.5	20.0	southeasterly to southerly on rest days with an average speed of 2-3 km/hr is expected. Maximum and minimum temperatures are		
07-09-2014	000.0	30.0	19.0	expected to be around 25-28°C and 18°C respectively. Maximum and minimum relative humidity is		
08-09-2014	000.0	N/A	20.0	expected to be 91-96% and 71-80% respectively.		

West Sikkim

Gyalshing				West Sikkim					
Date	Rainfall (mm)	Max. Temp (°C)	Min. Temp (°C)	■ Generally cloudy sky during the period 9 th September to 13 th September is expected.					
05-09-2014	003.0	N/A	16.8	 ■ Light to moderate rain is expected during period 9th September to 13th September. ■ Wind from easterly to southeasterly with average speed of 2-3 km/hr is expected. ■ Maximum and minimum temperatures expected to be around 21-25°C and 1 					
06-09-2014	002.0	N/A	17.8						
07-09-2014	002.0	N/A	17.6	respectively. Maximum and minimum relative humidit					
08-09-2014	002.0	N/A	17.0	expected to be 92-96% and 76-81% respectively.					

Part II

AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

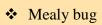
General Advisories for all the crops

- Proper drainage to be maintained in pulse/beans/ginger/turmeric/Dalley chilli.
- Avoid water stagnation in guava/ mandarin crop.
- Preventive spray and soil drenching with copperoxychloride@2.5 g/l of water at weekly intervals.
- Avoid spraying of plant protection biopesticides during rain and morning hours.
- ♦ Field preparation for early *Rabi* vegetable crops like cole crops, pea, leafy vegetables, tomato *etc*.
- ♦ Water harvesting and storage in various structures like *Jalkund* is recommended for cultivation of *Rabi* crops.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Pest/ Disease	Agro-Met Advisories		
Crops					
Rice	Maximum tillering/booting	❖ Leaf folder❖ Blast of rice	 Weeding should be completed. Maintain 2-3 cm water in the field. Spray neem based formulation (1500ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for controlling leaf folder. Monitor regularly and unfold the leaves folded by the leaf folder; and manually collect and destroy. Spray copper oxychloride @2.5 g/l for rice blast. Spraying of <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> @ 0.2% for management of blast and sheath blight at weekly intervals. 		

Soybean	Pod formation/ milking stage	 Blister beetle Leaf roller damage 	 Proper drainage should be maintained. Spray neem based formulation (1500ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for controlling leaf roller. Monitor regularly and unfold the leaves folded by the leaf roller. Manually collect and destroy both the insects. Spray wettable Sulphur @0.25% for the management of rust and powdery mildew.
Pahenlo dal	Vegetative/		 Proper drainage should be maintained
/Kalo Dal	flowering		 Weeding should be done.
(urd bean)			* Spray neem based formulation (1500
(ura ocan)			ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for
			controlling leaf feeding beetles.Spray COC (0.25%) or Bordeaux
			mixture @ 1% at weekly intervals for
			the management of various leaf spot
			diseases.
Finger millet	Tillering/		 Maintain optimum plant population
	flowering		for good yield.
	8		 Weeding to be undertaken.
Beans	Vegetative/	❖ Blister beetle may	Handpicking is effective to control
	Flowering	occur and destroy flowers.	this pest.
		Howers.	Collection and destruction of initial infeated plant parts
			infected plant parts.Spray out sulphur based fungicide @
			2 g/l to control powdery mildew.
			Proper drainage should be maintained
			• Spray COC (0.25%) or Bordeaux
		 Powdery mildew 	mixture @ 1% at weekly intervals for
			the management of various leaf spot diseases.
Large cardamom	Capsule	❖ Infestation of shoot	Collection and destruction of infested
	formation	flies and stem borer.	tillers. Spraying of neem formulation
			(1500 ppm) @ 3 ml/l.
			* Keep cardamom fields weed free.
			* Collection and destruction of disease

				infected plants/ tillers.
Cole crops Dalley Chilli	Fruiting	❖ Fruit fly damage	* * * * * *	infected plants/ tillers. Time for nursery raising of cabbage, cauliflower and broccoli under low cost structure. Dolomite application @ 200g/sqm for soil having pH less than 5.5. Seed treatment with <i>Trichoderma viride</i> @ 4 g/kg of seed. Soil drenching of nursery bed with copper oxychloride @2.5 g/ 1 or Bordeaux mixture @ 1% to prevent damping off. Soil application of <i>Trichoderma viride</i> @ 2.5 kg mixed with 50kg well decomposed FYM for 1 ha. Prepare 15cm raised bed nursery of 1m width. Well-decomposed FYM @ 2.5 kg/sqm to be applied during nursery bed preparation. Field should be cleaned and weed
Daney Chim	Fruiting	• Fruit fry damage	*	free. Proper drainage should be maintained. Fallen fruits should be collected and destroyed to minimize fruit fly.
Sikkim Mandarin	Fruit growth	❖ Aphid❖ Leaf miner	•	Proper drainage should be maintained. Basin of plants should be cleaned. Spray petroleum oil based agro-spray @ 10 ml/l for managing aphid, leaf miner, mealy bug etc. Regular monitoring and cleaning of infested trunk. Plug the holes with cotton soaked in kerosene/petrol and plaster with mixture of cow dung and soil. Spray copper oxychloride @ 2.5 g/l to manage citrus scab.





Trunk borer



Scab



Animal Sciences

Animai Scien	Thinai Sciences						
Tibetan Sheep	Full grown wool	Chances of soiling and picking infection.	*	Go for shearing and followed by spraying or Dipping in ectoparasitic solution.			
Yak, Tibetan Sheep	Breeding season	Weight gain	*	Start observing heat sign.			
Cattle, Sheep and Goat	All stages	Plenty of green pasture/ fodder available in the field.	*	Chances of coming into estrus so farmers are advised to look for heat sign especially during early morning or late evening and ensure breeding of the animal after 12 hr of 1 st heat observe.			
Poultry	All stages	High humidity	*	Frequent raking and liming of deep litter materials.			
Pig	All stages	High humidity	*	Keep floor dry to avoid skin diseases.			