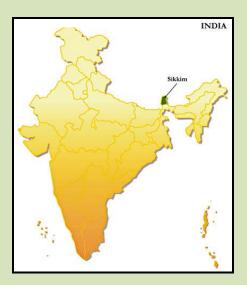


STATE COMPOSITE AGRO-MET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR THE STATE OF SIKKIM PERIOD: 24th OCTOBER – 27th OCTOBER"2014



IMD, GANGTOK IN COLLABORATION WITH *ICAR, GANGTOK, FSAD AND HCCD, GANGTOK*





ISSUED ON TUESDAY 24th OCTOBER'2014 BY

Meteorological Sub-division of Sikkim

As per India Meteorological Department's classification, Sikkim is a part of Met Sub-Division of Sub Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim (SHWB & SKM) and is divided into four (4) Districts:

- 1) North District with HQ at Mangan
- 2) East District with HQ at Gangtok
- 3) West District with HQ at Gyalsing
- 4) South District with HQ at Namchi

	Mangan (AWS)			North Sikkim Forecast							
				Day → Parameter ↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
	Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Partly Cloudy		Partly Cloudy	
	Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Rainfall	No rain	Very Light	No rain	No rain	No rain	
	21/10/2014	000	25.4	13.9	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	1KT(SSE)	2KT(SSE)	3KT(SSW)	1KT(W)	2KT(SE)	
	22/10/2014	000	24.9	13.5	Temperature (Min-Max)	19 - 26°C	19 - 25°C	19 - 25°C	19 - 26°C	19 - 26°C	
	23/10/2014	000	24.9	13.5	RH (Min-Max)	76 - 92%	74 - 91%	80 - 94%	74 - 91%	79 - 93%	

	Constaly				East Sikkim Forecast							
	Gangto	JK		Day → Parameter ↓	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5			
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Partly Cloudy	Partly Cloudy			
Date	(mm)	(°C)) (°C) Rainfall	No rain	Very Light	No rain	No rain	No rain				
21/10/2014	000	20.9	12.5	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	1KT(E)	2KT(E)	1KT(E)	2KT(ESE)	2KT(ENE)			
22/10/2014	000	20.1	12.1	Temperature (Min-Max)	16 - 21°C	17 - 20°C	17 - 20°C	17 - 21°C	17 - 21°C			
23/10/2014	000	20.0	12.3	RH (Min-Max)	80 - 91%	82 - 93%	79 - 92%	78 - 93%	83 - 94%			

N	Namthang				South Sikkim Forecast						
IN					Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Date	RainfallMax. Temp (°C)Min. Temp (°C)Sky ConditionPartly CloudyGenerally Cloudy(mm)(°C)(°C)RainfallNo rainVery Light	2	Partly Cloudy	Partly Cloudy	Mainly Clear						
Date		(°C)	(°C)	Rainfall	No rain	Very Light	No rain	No rain	No rain		
21/10/2014	000	23.0	14.0	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	1KT(ESE)	2KT(ESE)	1KT(SE)	2KT(SSE)	3KT(E)		
22/10/2014	000	23.0	13.5	Temperature (Min-Max)	19 - 27°C	19 - 26°C	19 - 26°C	19 - 26°C	19 - 26°C		
23/10/2014	000	23.0	12.5	RH (Min-Max)	78 - 91%	79 - 92%	78 - 92%	78 - 92%	80 - 91%		

Creak	Gyalshing (AWS)				West Sikkim Forecast							
Gyais					Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5			
Date	Rainfall	Max. Temp	Min. Temp	Sky Condition	Partly Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Generally Cloudy	Partly Cloudy	Mainly Clear			
Date	(mm)	(°C)	(°C)	Rainfall	No rain	Very Light	No rain No rain		No rain			
21/10/2014	004	23.2	11.7	Wind (Speed/ Dir)	1KT(ESE)	2KT(ESE)	3KT(SE)	1KT(SSE)	2KT(E)			
22/10/2014	000	22.6	10.8	Temperature (Min-Max)	17 - 24°C	17 - 23°C	17 - 23°C	17 - 24°C	17 - 24°C			
23/10/2014	000	22.6	10.9	RH (Min-Max)	78 - 93%	80 - 92%	78 - 92%	76 - 91%	80 - 93%			

<u>Part II</u>

AGRO-METEREOLOGICAL ADVISORIES

General Advisories for all the crops

- Solution Of soil moisture through locally available biomass mulching in all the crops.
- Preventive spray and soil drenching with copper oxychloride @2.5 g/l of water at weekly intervals.
- Spraying of plant protection biopesticides in the evening.
- Field preparation for *Rabi* vegetable crops like cole crops, pea, leafy vegetables, tomato *etc* and fodder crops (oat/berseem).
- Water harvesting and storage in various structures like *Jalkund* is recommended for cultivation of *Rabi* crops.

Name of the crop/Animal	Stage	Pest/ Disease	Agro-Met Advisories
Crops			
Rice	Panicle initiation/ Grain filling/ maturity	◆ Blast of rice	 Maintain 2-3 cm water in the field where crop is in panicle initiation stage. Drained out water from the field where crop is in maturity stage. Spray copper oxychloride @2.5 g/l for rice blast. Spraying of <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> @ 0.2% for management of blast and sheath blight at weekly intervals. Spray neem based formulation (1500ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for controlling Gundhi bug. Use of birds scaring ribbon for preventing bird's damage.
Soybean	Grain filling /Pod maturity/ Harvesting stage	Leaf folder	 Harvesting should be done when pod turns yellowish colour. Spray neem based formulation (1500ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for controlling leaf folder.
Pahenlo dal /Kalo Dal	Flowering/ Pod formation		 Spray neem based formulation (1500 ppm) @ 3ml per litre of water for controlling leaf feeding beetles.

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(<i>urd</i> bean)			Spray COC (0.25%) or Bordeaux
			mixture @ 1% at weekly intervals for
			the management of various leaf spot
			diseases.
Finger millet	Flowering/		♦ Use of birds scaring ribbon for
	grain		preventing bird's damage.
	formation		
Rapeseed and	Sowing/		Field preparation for sowing of both
mustard	emergence		the crops @ 4-5 kg seed/ha.
			Seed treatment with <i>Trichoderma</i>
			viride / T. harzianum @ 4g/kg.
			FYM application @ 5-10 t/ha and
			vermicompost @ 2 t/ha is
			recommended.
Beans	Pod formation/	 Powdery mildew 	 Handpicking is effective to control
Dealis	maturity	• Towacry mildew	this pest.
	muturity		 Collection and destruction of initial
			infected plant parts.
			Spray wettable sulphur @ 2 g/l to
			control powdery mildew.
			Spray COC (0.25%) or Bordeaux
			mixture @ 1% at weekly intervals for
			the management of various leaf spot
			diseases.
Rajmash	Vegetative		Field should be kept weed free.
	growth		Staking should be provided for pole
			type bean.
			Mulching with locally available
			biomass @ 5 t/ha to conserve the soil
			moisture.
Lorgo	Harvesting		 Collection and destruction of disease
Large cardamom	That vesting		
cardamoni			infected plants/ tillers.
			Harvesting of mature capsule and
			removal of unproductive and old
			tillers should be done as early as
			possible.
			Spray wettable sulphur @ 0.25 % for
			the management of rust.
Cole crops	Transplanting /		\clubsuit Transplanting of seedlings should be
	Vegetative		done immediately.
			Soil application of <i>Trichoderma</i>
			viride/ Pseudomonas fluorescens @
			2.5 kg mixed with 50kg well
			decomposed FYM for 1 ha.
			 Weeding should be done regularly.
			• Weeding should be done regularly.

Dalley Chilli	Harvesting			Fallen fruits should be collected and destroyed to minimize fruit fly. Fruit should be harvested and keep in shade overnight to remove field heat.
Sikkim Mandarin	Fruit growth	 Aphid Aphid Scab Scab 		Basin of plants should be cleaned and mulching should be done with locally available biomass. Spray petroleum oil based agro-spray @ 10 ml/l for managing aphid, leaf miner, mealy bug etc. Regular monitoring and cleaning of infested trunk. Plug the holes with cotton soaked in kerosene/petrol and plaster with mixture of cow dung and soil. Spray copper oxychloride @ 2.5 g/l to manage citrus scab.
Animal Scien	ices			
Tibetan Sheep	Full grown wool	Chances of soiling and picking infection.		spraying or Dipping in ectoparasitic solution.
Yak, Tibetan	Breeding	Weight gain		Start observing heat sign.

Sheep	season			Collection and preservation of green
				fodder for hay purpose.
Cattle, Sheep	All stages	Plenty of green pasture/	٨	Chances of coming into estrus so
and Goat		fodder available in the		farmers are advised to look for heat
		field.		sign especially during early morning
				or late evening and ensure breeding
				of the animal after 12 hr of 1st heat
				observe.
			۲	FMD and HS vaccination is
				recommended.
			۲	Feeding of colostrums within 2 hrs of
				birth.
Poultry	All stages	High humidity	٨	Frequent raking and liming of deep
				litter materials.
			۲	Maintenance of brooder temperature
				for chicks with the help of electrical
				bulbs.
Pig	All stages	High humidity	٨	Keep floor dry to avoid skin diseases.