




Integrated Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin from 16th to 20th July'16

Kiphire District

Bulletin No:57/2016

Weather summary of the preceding week			Weather forecast valid upto 20 th July '16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Light rain occurred the past week Maximum and minimum temperatures ranged 25⁰C to 30⁰C and 13⁰C to 22⁰C, respectively. Relative humidity varied from 71% to 93%. Wind speed ranged from 1 to 2 kmph 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Probability of light rain the coming week. Max temp is likely to be 29⁰C - 30⁰C and the min temp 24⁰C to 25⁰C Sky is likely to be mainly cloudy the coming week Relative Humidity is likely to range from 69% to 95%. Wind speed may reach upto 1- 2 kmph Wind direction will be mostly southerly
Main Crops	Stage	Pest/ Diseases	Agro-meteorological Advisories
<p>Field crops</p> <p>Timely field sanitation should be done for all the crops. Always use freshly prepared neem seed kernel extract. Apply pesticides only when required. Don't apply more than the recommended dose of the pesticide</p>			
Jhum paddy	Tillering stage	Blast	Daily scouting should be done for blast and immediately preventive fungicide application should be carried out. If infestation is high, spray carbendazim, @ 0.1%.
TRC/WRC paddy	Transplanting stage	-	After 15-20 days after transplanting, weeding should be carried out.
Maize	tasseling stage	-	2nd split doses of urea should be done
Soybean	Sowing	-	Cultivate oilseed crops like soybean where paddy cultivation is not at all possible. Sowing should be done with a spacing of 45cm row to row and 10cm plant to plant.
<p>Horticultural crops</p> <p>Proper weeding, earthing up should be done and staking should be done for good production.</p>			
Citrus	-		During this season, if possible spray bavistin (1g/l) +Monocrotophos (1ml/l) on new flushes.
Ginger	Vegetative stage	Rhizome rot	Water logging should be completely avoided. Proper earthing up should be carried out. Keep land free of weeds at all times
Okra	Harvesting stage	-	Harvesting should be done timely
Cucurbits	Flowering stage		Vines are very delicate. Take care not to damage vines, which reduce the quality of fruit. Bees are essential for pollination, so be mindful when using insecticides to kill pests. If you must use, apply only in late afternoon or early evening when blossoms are closed for the day.


	Cowpea	Fruiting and harvesting stage		<i>Proper staking should be maintained and timely harvesting should be done.</i>
	Chilli	Fruiting stage		<i>Infested plant should be uprooted and destroyed</i>
	Poultry	Routine vaccination programme for diseases should be maintained. It is essential that a proper vaccination schedule be established and that vaccination protocols be complied with.		
	Piggery	Nutritional needs of pig should be divided into six categories: water, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals.		
	Fishery	Monthly application of lime at low dose not only help in maintaining the water pH of the pond but also acts as a source of calcium and disinfect the pond.		



Integrated Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin from 16th to 20th July'16 Kohima District

Bulletin No:57/2016

Weather summary of the preceding week			Weather forecast valid upto 20 th July '16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medium rain occurred the past week Maximum and minimum temperatures ranged 25⁰C to 30⁰C and 18⁰C to 21⁰C, respectively. Relative humidity varied from 43% to 94%. Wind speed ranged from 1 to 2 kmph 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Probability of light rain the coming week. Max temp is likely to be 29⁰C - 30⁰C and the min temp 24⁰C to 25⁰C Sky is likely to be cloudy the coming week Relative Humidity is likely to range from 66% to 95%. Wind speed may reach upto 1- 2 kmph Wind direction will be mostly southwesterly
Main Crops	Stage	Pest/ Diseases	Agro-meteorological Advisories
<p>Field crops</p> <p>Timely field sanitation should be done for all the crops. Always use freshly prepared neem seed kernel extract. Apply pesticides only when required. Don't apply more than the recommended dose of the pesticide</p>			
<i>Jhum paddy</i>	Tillering stage	Blast	<i>Daily scouting should be done for blast and immediately preventive fungicide application should be carried out. If infestation is high, spray carbendazim, @ 0.1%.</i>
<i>TRC/WRC paddy</i>	Transplanting stage	-	<i>After 15-20 days after transplanting, weeding should be carried out.</i>
<i>Maize</i>	tasseling stage	-	<i>2nd split doses of urea should be done</i>
<i>Soybean</i>	Sowing	-	<i>Cultivate oilseed crops like soybean where paddy cultivation is not at all possible. Sowing should be done with a spacing of 45cm row to row and 10cm plant to plant.</i>
<p>Horticultural crops</p> <p><i>Proper weeding, earthing up should be done and staking should be done for good production.</i></p>			
<i>Citrus</i>	-		<i>During this season, if possible spray bavistin (1g/l) +Monocrotophos (1ml/l) on new flushes.</i>
<i>Ginger</i>	Vegetative stage	Rhizome rot	<i>Water logging should be completely avoided. Proper earthing up should be carried out. Keep land free of weeds at all times</i>
<i>Okra</i>	Harvesting stage	-	<i>Harvesting should be done timely</i>
<i>Cucurbits</i>	Flowering stage		<i>Vines are very delicate. Take care not to damage vines, which reduce the quality of fruit. Bees are essential for pollination, so be mindful when</i>


				<i>using insecticides to kill pests. If you must use, apply only in late afternoon or early evening when blossoms are closed for the day.</i>
	<i>Cowpea</i>	Fruiting and harvesting stage		<i>Proper staking should be maintained and timely harvesting should be done.</i>
	<i>Chilli</i>	Fruiting stage		<i>Infested plant should be uprooted and destroyed</i>
	<i>Poultry</i>	Routine vaccination programme for diseases should be maintained. It is essential that a proper vaccination schedule be established and that vaccination protocols be complied with.		
	<i>Piggery</i>	Nutritional needs of pig should be divided into six categories: water, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals.		
	<i>Fishery</i>	Monthly application of lime at low dose not only help in maintaining the water pH of the pond but also acts as a source of calcium and disinfect the pond.		

Integrated Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin from 16th to 20th July'16

Mokokchung District

Bulletin No: 57/2016

Weather summary of the preceding week			Weather forecast valid upto 20 th July '16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Light rain occurred the past week Maximum and minimum temperatures ranged 28⁰C to 30⁰C and 19⁰C to 24⁰C, respectively. Relative humidity varied from 43% to 94%. Wind speed ranged from 1 to 2 kmph 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Probability of light rain the coming week. Max temp is likely to be 29⁰C - 30⁰C and the min temp 25⁰C to 26⁰C Sky is likely to be mainly cloudy the coming week Relative Humidity is likely to range from 75% to 95%. Wind speed may reach upto 1- 2 kmph Wind direction will be mostly southeasterly
Main Crops	Stage	Pest/ Diseases	Agro-meteorological Advisories
<p>Field crops</p> <p>Timely field sanitation should be done for all the crops. Always use freshly prepared neem seed kernel extract. Apply pesticides only when required. Don't apply more than the recommended dose of the pesticide</p>			
Jhum paddy	Tillering stage	Blast	Daily scouting should be done for blast and immediately preventive fungicide application should be carried out. If infestation is high, spray carbendazim, @ 0.1%.
TRC/WRC paddy	Transplanting stage	-	After 15-20 days after transplanting, weeding should be carried out.
Maize	tasseling stage	-	2nd split doses of urea should be done
Soybean	Sowing	-	Cultivate oilseed crops like soybean where paddy cultivation is not at all possible. Sowing should be done with a spacing of 45cm row to row and 10cm plant to plant.
<p>Horticultural crops</p> <p>Proper weeding, earthing up should be done and staking should be done for good production.</p>			
Citrus	-		During this season, if possible spray bavistin (1g/l) + Monocrotophos (1ml/l) on new flushes.
Ginger	Vegetative stage	Rhizome rot	Water logging should be completely avoided. Proper earthing up should be carried out. Keep land free of weeds at all times
Okra	Harvesting stage	-	Harvesting should be done timely
Cucurbits	Flowering stage		Vines are very delicate. Take care not to damage vines, which reduce the quality of fruit. Bees are essential for pollination, so be mindful when using


				<i>insecticides to kill pests. If you must use, apply only in late afternoon or early evening when blossoms are closed for the day.</i>
	Cowpea	Fruiting and harvesting stage		<i>Proper staking should be maintained and timely harvesting should be done.</i>
	Chilli	Fruiting stage		<i>Infested plant should be uprooted and destroyed</i>
	Poultry	Routine vaccination programme for diseases should be maintained. It is essential that a proper vaccination schedule be established and that vaccination protocols be complied with.		
	Piggery	Nutritional needs of pig should be divided into six categories: water, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals.		
	Fishery	Monthly application of lime at low dose not only help in maintaining the water pH of the pond but also acts as a source of calcium and disinfect the pond.		



Integrated Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin from 16th to 20th July'16 Mon District

Bulletin No:57/2016

Weather summary of the preceding week			Weather forecast valid upto 20 th July '16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Light rain occurred the past week Maximum and minimum temperatures ranged 28⁰C to 31⁰C and 20⁰C to 23⁰C, respectively. Relative humidity varied from 65% to 95% Wind speed ranged from 1 to 2 kmph 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Probability of light rain the coming week. Max temp is likely to be 29⁰C - 31⁰C and the min temp 25⁰C to 26⁰C Sky is likely to be cloudy the coming week Relative Humidity is likely to range from 84% to 95%. Wind speed may reach upto 1- 2 kmph Wind direction will be mostly southeasterly
Main Crops	Stage	Pest/ Diseases	Agro-meteorological Advisories
Field crops Timely field sanitation should be done for all the crops. Always use freshly prepared neem seed kernel extract. Apply pesticides only when required. Don't apply more than the recommended dose of the pesticide			
Jhum paddy	Maximum Tillering stage	Blast	<i>Daily scouting should be done for blast and immediately preventive fungicide application should be carried out.</i> <i>If infestation is high, spray carbendazim, @ 0.1%.</i>
TRC/WRC paddy	Tillering stage		<i>After 15-20 days after transplanting, weeding should be carried out.</i>
Maize	Tasseling stage		<i>2nd split doses of urea should be done</i>
Soybean	Sowing stage	-	<i>Cultivate oilseed crops like soybean where paddy cultivation is not at all possible. Sowing should be done with a spacing of 45cm row to row and 10cm plant to plant.</i>
Horticultural crops <i>Proper weeding, earthing up should be done and staking should be done for good production.</i>			
Citrus	-	-	<i>During this season, if possible spray bavistin (1g/l) + Monocrotophos (1ml/l) on new flushes.</i>
Ginger	Vegetative stage	Rhizome rot	<i>Water logging should be completely avoided. Proper earthing up should be carried out.</i> <i>Keep land free of weeds at all times</i>
Okra	Harvesting stage	-	<i>Harvesting should be done timely</i>
Cucurbits	Flowering stage		<i>Vines are very delicate. Take care not to damage vines, which reduce the quality of fruit. Bees are essential for pollination, so be mindful when using</i>


				<i>insecticides to kill pests. If you must use, apply only in late afternoon or early evening when blossoms are closed for the day.</i>
	<i>Cowpea</i>	Fruiting and harvesting stage		<i>Proper staking should be maintained and timely harvesting should be done.</i>
	<i>Chilli</i>	Fruiting stage		<i>Infested plant should be uprooted and destroyed</i>
	<i>Poultry</i>	Routine vaccination programme for diseases should be maintained. It is essential that a proper vaccination schedule be established and that vaccination protocols be complied with.		
	<i>Piggery</i>	Nutritional needs of pig should be divided into six categories: water, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals.		
	<i>Fishery</i>	Monthly application of lime at low dose not only help in maintaining the water pH of the pond but also acts as a source of calcium and disinfect the pond.		



Integrated Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin from 16th to 20th July'16 Tuensang District

Bulletin No:57/2016

<i>Weather summary of the preceding week</i>			<i>Weather forecast valid upto 20th July '16</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medium rain occurred the past week Maximum and minimum temperatures ranged 24⁰C to 27⁰C and 12⁰C to 19⁰C, respectively. Relative humidity varied from 51% to 92%. Wind speed ranged from 1 to 2 kmph 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Probability of light rain the coming week. Max temp is likely to be 27⁰C - 28⁰C and the min temp 22⁰C to 23⁰C Sky is likely to be mainly cloudy the coming week Relative Humidity is likely to range from 71% to 94%. Wind speed may reach upto 1- 2 kmph Wind direction will be mostly southeasterly
Main Crops	Stage	Pest/ Diseases	Agro-meteorological Advisories
<p align="center">Field crops</p> <p>Timely field sanitation should be done for all the crops. Always use freshly prepared neem seed kernel extract. Apply pesticides only when required. Don't apply more than the recommended dose of the pesticide</p>			
Jhum paddy	Tillering stage	Blast	<i>Daily scouting should be done for blast and immediately preventive fungicide application should be carried out. If infestation is high, spray carbendazim, @ 0.1%.</i>
TRC/WRC paddy	Transplanting stage	-	<i>After 15-20 days after transplanting, weeding should be carried out.</i>
Maize	tasseling stage	-	<i>2nd split doses of urea should be done</i>
Soybean	Sowing	-	<i>Cultivate oilseed crops like soybean where paddy cultivation is not at all possible. Sowing should be done with a spacing of 45cm row to row and 10cm plant to plant.</i>
<p align="center">Horticultural crops</p> <p><i>Proper weeding, earthing up should be done and staking should be done for good production.</i></p>			
Citrus	-		<i>During this season, if possible spray bavistin (1g/l) + Monocrotophos (1ml/l) on new flushes.</i>
Ginger	Vegetative stage	Rhizome rot	<i>Water logging should be completely avoided. Proper earthing up should be carried out. Keep land free of weeds at all times</i>
Okra	Harvesting stage	-	<i>Harvesting should be done timely</i>


	<i>Cucurbits</i>	Flowering stage		<i>Vines are very delicate. Take care not to damage vines, which reduce the quality of fruit. Bees are essential for pollination, so be mindful when using insecticides to kill pests. If you must use, apply only in late afternoon or early evening when blossoms are closed for the day.</i>
	<i>Cowpea</i>	Fruiting and harvesting stage		<i>Proper staking should be maintained and timely harvesting should be done.</i>
	<i>Chilli</i>	Fruiting stage		<i>Infested plant should be uprooted and destroyed</i>
	<i>Poultry</i>	Routine vaccination programme for diseases should be maintained. It is essential that a proper vaccination schedule be established and that vaccination protocols be complied with.		
	<i>Piggery</i>	Nutritional needs of pig should be divided into six categories: water, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals.		
	<i>Fishery</i>	Monthly application of lime at low dose not only help in maintaining the water pH of the pond but also acts as a source of calcium and disinfect the pond.		



Integrated Agromet Advisory Service Bulletin from 16th to 20th July'16 Wokha District

Bulletin No:57/2016

Weather summary of the preceding week			Weather forecast valid upto 20 th July '16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Light rain occurred the past week Maximum and minimum temperatures ranged 29⁰C to 31⁰C and 20⁰C to 24⁰C, respectively. Relative humidity varied from 45% to 94%. Wind speed ranged from 1 to 2 kmph 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Probability of light rain the coming week. Max temp is likely to be 29⁰C - 30⁰C and the min temp 23⁰C to 24⁰C Sky is likely to be mainly cloudy the coming week Relative Humidity is likely to range from 65% to 95%. Wind speed may reach upto 1- 2 kmph Wind direction will be mostly southeasterly
Main Crops	Stage	Pest/ Diseases	Agro-meteorological Advisories
Field crops Timely field sanitation should be done for all the crops. Always use freshly prepared neem seed kernel extract. Apply pesticides only when required. Don't apply more than the recommended dose of the pesticide			
Jhum paddy	Tillering stage	Blast	Daily scouting should be done for blast and immediately preventive fungicide application should be carried out. If infestation is high, spray carbendazim, @ 0.1%.
TRC/WRC paddy	Transplanting stage	-	After 15-20 days after transplanting, weeding should be carried out.
Maize	tasseling stage	-	2nd split doses of urea should be done
Soybean	Sowing	-	Cultivate oilseed crops like soybean where paddy cultivation is not at all possible. Sowing should be done with a spacing of 45cm row to row and 10cm plant to plant.
Horticultural crops Proper weeding, earthing up should be done and staking should be done for good production.			
Citrus	-		During this season, if possible spray bavistin (1g/l) +Monocrotophos (1ml/l) on new flushes.
Ginger	Vegetative stage	Rhizome rot	Water logging should be completely avoided. Proper earthing up should be carried out. Keep land free of weeds at all times
Okra	Harvesting stage	-	Harvesting should be done timely
Cucurbits	Flowering stage		Vines are very delicate. Take care not to damage vines, which reduce the quality of fruit. Bees are essential for pollination, so be mindful when

				<i>using insecticides to kill pests. If you must use, apply only in late afternoon or early evening when blossoms are closed for the day.</i>
	<i>Cowpea</i>	Fruiting and harvesting stage		<i>Proper staking should be maintained and timely harvesting should be done.</i>
	<i>Chilli</i>	Fruiting stage		<i>Infested plant should be uprooted and destroyed</i>
	<i>Poultry</i>	Routine vaccination programme for diseases should be maintained. It is essential that a proper vaccination schedule be established and that vaccination protocols be complied with.		
	<i>Piggery</i>	Nutritional needs of pig should be divided into six categories: water, carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals.		
	<i>Fishery</i>	Monthly application of lime at low dose not only help in maintaining the water pH of the pond but also acts as a source of calcium and disinfect the pond.		



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