

ORGANIZED FIELD DAY ON PROMOTION OF *RABI* VEGETABLE CULTIVATION TO INCREASE THE NET CROPPING INTENSITY IN THE WETLAND RICE FALLOWS OF MIZORAM UNDER TRIBAL SUB PLAN (TSP) IN 18TH FEBRUARY, 2019 AT PHAIPHENG, KOLASIB, MIZORAM

ICAR Research Complex for NEH Region Mizoram Centre organized field day on “Promotion of *rabi* vegetable cultivation to increase the net cropping intensity in the wetland rice fallows of Mizoram” under Tribal Sub Plan (TSP), organized at Phaiapheng village, Kolasib district on 18th February, 2019. Altogether 80 farmers from Phaiapheng and Tuichuang village participated in this programme. Dr. I Shakuntala (Joint Director), Dr. Saurav Saha (Scientist, Agricultural Physics), Mr. Samik Chowdhury (Technical Officer, GKMS), Pu. P. C. Lalsangkima (Chairman of farmers Association, Phaiapheng), Pu. P. C Raltwna (Agriculture Secretary, Bilkhawthlir farmers Association) and Pu. P.C, Lalchawnkima (Secretary, Phaiapheng Farmers Association) also attended the training programme. Dr. I. Shakuntala greeted the gathering with a warm welcome note and emphasized the importance of *rabi* vegetable cultivation in rice fellows to fetch more income for the tribal farmers of Mizoram. Dr. Saurav Saha explained different agricultural technology intervention of the village and along with their success. Pu. P. C. Lalsangkima shared their own experience regarding problems and benefits of *rabi* vegetable cultivation in rice fellows. Mr. Lalhriata shared his experience of earning Rs. 85,000.00 from cultivation of frenchbean, vegetable mustard, cabbage, carrot and broccoli in lowland rice fallow. He is eager to extend his area of cultivation. Pu. P.C, Lalchawnkima thanked ICAR for providing support. Finally after lunch Dr. I Shakuntala, Pu. P.C, Lalchawnkima, Dr. Saurav Saha and Pu. P. C. Lalsangkima visited all the famers field and take feedback from individual farmers. Finally, Mr. Samik Chowdhury gave formal vote of thanks.



Fig: field day on “Promotion of *rabi* vegetable cultivation to increase the net cropping intensity in the wetland rice fallows of Mizoram”